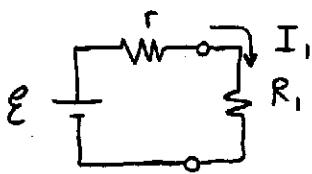


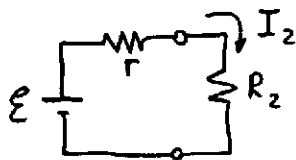
- C1. When a $25.0\text{-}\Omega$ resistor is connected across the terminals of a real battery, the current in the circuit is 0.477 A . If this resistor is then replaced by a $100\text{-}\Omega$ resistor, the current in the circuit changes to 0.120 A . Calculate the internal resistance and the emf of the battery.

| resistance | emf |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| $0.210\ \Omega$ | 12.0 V |



$$\textcircled{1} \quad \mathcal{E} = I_1(r + R_1) \quad \text{where } R_1 = 25.0\ \Omega$$

$$I_1 = 0.477\text{ A}$$



$$\textcircled{2} \quad \mathcal{E} = I_2(r + R_2) \quad \text{where } R_2 = 100\ \Omega$$

$$I_2 = 0.120\text{ A}$$

so $I_1(r + R_1) = I_2(r + R_2)$

$$I_1 r + I_1 R_1 = I_2 r + I_2 R_2$$

$$I_1 r - I_2 r = I_2 R_2 - I_1 R_1$$

$$r = \frac{I_2 R_2 - I_1 R_1}{I_1 - I_2}$$

$$r = \frac{(0.120\text{ A})(100\ \Omega) - (0.477\text{ A})(25.0\ \Omega)}{0.477\text{ A} - 0.120\text{ A}}$$

$$r = 0.210\ \Omega$$

from $\textcircled{1}$

$$\mathcal{E} = 0.477\text{ A}(0.210\ \Omega + 25.0\ \Omega)$$

$$\mathcal{E} = 12.0\text{ V}$$